

# SHOTOVER COUNTRY SPECIAL ZONE - RULES

12

	daisy			
<i>Olearia odorata</i>	scented tree daisy	3	2	host plant for native moths
<i>Plagianthus regius</i> *	manatu	10 - 15	3	Reinstate diversity
<i>Phormium tenax</i>	NZ flax	2	2	food source for native birds
<i>Podocarpus hallii</i> *	hall's totara	15	3	
<i>Sophora microphylla</i> *	kowhai	8	3	important host plant for native moths

## Part 3: Terrace Buffer Areas

Species	Common Name	Height (m) at maturity	Spacing (m)	Ecological Benefits
<b>Big trees</b>				
<i>Carpinus betulus</i>	european hornbeam	15	10	Provides shade for residents, visitors and birds
<i>Corylus avellana</i> **	hazelnut	5 to 10	5	Provides nuts for residents, visitors and birds; resting habitat for passerines
<i>Cordyline australis</i>	cabbage tree	6	3	provides nectar, fruit and seeds for native birds
<i>Olearia hectorii</i> *	Hector's tree daisy	10	5	host plant for native moths
<i>Plagianthus regius</i> *	ribbonwood	10 – 15	3	important host plant for invertebrates
<b>Small trees and shrubs</b>				
<i>Coprosma propinqua</i> *	mingimingi	3	2	lhost plant of native moths and provides fruit and seeds for lizards and native birds
<i>Corokia cotoneaster</i> *	korokia	2	2	provides nectar, fruit and seeds for lizards and native birds
<i>Olearia avicenniaefolia</i> *	aakeake	3	2	host plant for native moths
<i>Olearia lineata</i> *	narrow leaved tree daisy	6	3	host plant for native moths
<i>Olearia odorata</i>	scented tree daisy	3	2	host plant for native moths
<i>Phormium cookianum</i>	mountain flax	1.5	1.5	source of nectar for native birds
<i>Sophora microphylla</i>	kowhai	8	5	important host plant for native moths

\*\* two varieties needed for hazelnut production, not self fertilising